Supplement Document 1: Local Anesthetic Systemic Toxicity Pre and Post Survey for Didactic Session and Simulation Exercise. Correct answers, if applicable, are marked with an asterisk (*).

- 1. What is your role in the pain clinic?
 - Certified Medical Assistant (CMA)
 - Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN)
 - Registered Nurse (RN)
 - Fellow Physician (MD)
 - Attending Physician (MD)
- 2. Do you work in the procedure room?
 - Yes
 - No
- 3. What are neurologic symptoms of local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Anxiety*
 - Bladder and bowel incontinence
 - Hallucinations
 - Involuntary movement of arms or legs
 - Metallic taste*
 - Muscle twitching*
 - Seizures*
 - Severe pain
 - Tinnitus*
 - Visual changes*
- 4. What are cardiovascular symptoms of local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Asystole*
 - Hypertension*
 - Hypotension*
 - Sinus bradycardia*
 - Sinus tachycardia*
 - Ventricular arrhythmias*
- 5. What is the first step in treatment of suspected local anesthetic systemic toxicity?
 - Administer oxygen
 - Begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
 - Call for help*
 - Place patient in prone position
- 6. What is the preferred treatment for seizures related to local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Choose all that apply.)

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- Maintain airway patency*
- IV antiepileptics (e.g., levetiracetam)
- IV benzodiazepines (e.g., lorazepam)*
- IV propfol
- Do not treat unless seizure is > 5 minutes
- 7. What are the modifications to traditional Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS) for treatment of local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Administer higher doses of epinephrine
 - Administer lower doses of epinephrine*
 - Administer early and rapid infusion of 20% lipid emulsion*
 - Administer slow infusion of 20% lipid emulsion
 - Avoid amiodarone
 - Avoid vasopressors*
- 8. Where is the LAST Rescue Kit located in the Pain Medicine clinic?
 - Pod A Nurses Station
 - Pod B Nurses Station
 - Procedure Area Nurses Station
 - Procedure Area Omnicell*
 - Procedure Room Cabinet
- 9. What is in the LAST rescue kit?
 - Airway equipment
 - 20% lipid emulsion*
 - Propofol vials
 - IV pump
 - IV tubing*
 - Two 60 ml syringes*
- 10. How should the lipid emulsion infusion be administered for a patient greater than 70 kg?
 - Bolus of 50 ml, infusion of 100 ml over 15-20 minutes
 - Bolus of 100 ml, infusion of 250 ml over 15-20 minutes*
 - Bolus of 1 ml/kg, repeat in 10 minutes
 - No bolus, infusion of 0.25 ml/kg
- 11. What are strategies or steps useful to prevent local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Aspiration before injecting medication*
 - Mild to moderate procedural sedation
 - Right dose and concentration*
 - Right medication (local anesthetic)*
 - Using image (ultrasound or X-ray) guidance*

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- 12. What are the main components of LAST treatment? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Airway management*
 - Cardiopulmonary resuscitation*
 - Hemodialysis
 - Lipid infusion/resuscitation*
 - Seizure termination*
- 13. While managing a patient with local anesthetic systemic toxicity, what equipment in the clinic would be helpful? (Choose all that apply.)
 - Airway equipment*
 - Blood pressure cuff/monitors*
 - Cardiopulmonary bypass machine
 - Code cart*
 - Defibrillator*
 - Electrocardiogram *
 - Pulse oximeter*
- 14. How confident do you feel diagnosing and treating local anesthetic systemic toxicity? (Answer each statement separately, on a scale of 1 to 100 with 1 meaning no confidence and 100 meaning full confidence.)
 - a. Recognizing symptoms
 - b. Starting treatment
 - c. Coordinating care
- 15. (For the Post survey only) Overall, how would you rate your own ability to recognize and manage local anesthetic systemic toxicity now compared to before the presentation and simulation session?
 - Very much improved
 - Much improved
 - A little improved
 - No change
 - A little worsened
 - Much worsened
 - Very much worsened

Supplement Document 2: Local Anesthetic Systemic Toxicity Simulation Exercise Post Survey. Responses were collected immediately after the simulation exercise.

- 1. Share the most important thing you learned today at this patient-safety and critical event team training course. (Open responses accepted.)
- 2. Please answer the following questions using the following answer choices:
 - Strongly Agree
 - Agree
 - Disagree
 - Strongly Disagree
 - a. I felt comfortable in the simulated environment.
 - b. I felt I did things I would never have a chance to practice otherwise.
 - c. I encountered situations that I now want to learn more about through reading, lectures, conferences.
 - d. Knowledge gained about the scenarios will be helpful to me in clinical practice.
 - e. This course will help me practice more safely.
 - f. The simulation environment and scenarios prompted realistic responses from me.
 - g. I enjoyed the course.
 - h. The course was intense.
 - i. I learned a lot.
- 3. This course should be taken every (choose one):
 - Never
 - 6 months
 - 12 months
 - 24 months
 - Longer than 24 months
- 4. Please answer the following questions about the debriefing sessions using the following answer choices:
 - Strongly Agree
 - Agree
 - Disagree
 - Strongly Disagree
 - a. Debriefing clarified important management issues of each scenario.
 - b. The debriefing session added to my learning experience.
 - c. There was effective interaction between instructor and trainee.
- 5. What part(s) of the course did you like the best? (Open responses accepted.)
- 6. What part(s) of the course did you like the least? (Open responses accepted.)

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- 7. What could make the course better? (Open responses accepted.)
- 8. Share any additional comments about this patient safety and critical event team training simulation course. (Open responses accepted.)

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Supplemental Figure 1: Neurological Symptoms of LAST. The frequency of each neurological symptom as selected by the pre and post surveys is noted. *Light Blue* = pre survey, *Navy* = post survey. Correct selections are noted below the solid black line, incorrect selections are noted above the black line.

Supplemental Figure 2: Cardiovascular Symptoms of LAST. The frequency of each cardiovascular symptom as selected by the pre and post surveys is noted. *Light Blue* = pre survey, *Navy* = post survey. All selections are correct responses.

Supplemental Figure 3: Initial Dosing Assessment. *A*: Pre survey assessment of the ideal initial dose for a patient greater than 70 kilograms body mass with suspected LAST. *B*: Post survey assessment of the same assessment, with unanimous selection of the correct response.

Supplemental Figure 4: Simulation Exercise Post Survey. Responses to inquiries related to the simulation exercise using a 4-point Likert scale.

Supplemental Figure 5: Simulation Exercise Debriefing Session Post Survey.

Responses to inquiries related to the simulation exercise debriefing session using a 4-point Likert scale.